

WEST

Generate Collection

L3: Entry 16 of 18

File: DWPI

Feb 28, 1979

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1979-60985B

DERWENT-WEEK: 197933

COPYRIGHT 2000 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: Microbiological nisin prodn. - using specified Streptococcus lactis strain for high yield

INVENTOR: BULENKOV, G I; LITVINOVA, M N ; SILEVA, M N

PATENT-ASSIGNEE:

ASSIGNEE

CODE

PLANT PROTECTION

PLANR

PRIORITY-DATA:

1973SU-1980512

December 27, 1973

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO

PUB-DATE

LANGUAGE

PAGES

MAIN-IPC

SU 507055 A

February 28, 1979

N/A

000

N/A

INT-CL (IPC): C12D 9/00

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: SU 507055A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

Streptococcus lactis 24-24 resistant to phages has been obtained by natural selection from less-active strain Streptococcus lactis 24 susceptible to attack by phages. The activity of the strain 24-24 in a 3:1 whey-milk hydrolysate is 4000-8000 units/ml. (strain 24 2400-4800 units/ml). It gives high yield of nisin.

TITLE-TERMS: MICROBIOLOGICAL NISIN PRODUCE SPECIFIED STREPTOCOCCUS LACTIS STRAIN HIGH YIELD

DERWENT-CLASS: B04 D16

CPI-CODES: B02-N; D05-C02;

CHEMICAL-CODES:

Chemical Indexing M1 *01*

Fragmentation Code

V140 V143 N130 P220 M720 M421 M902

WEST

Generate Collection

L3: Entry 14 of 18

File: DWPI

May 10, 1996

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1997-050308

DERWENT-WEEK: 199705

COPYRIGHT 2000 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: A new strain of *Streptococcus lactis*, a producer of the bacteriocin nisin - gives a higher rate of nisin prodn. than the previous *Str. lactis* 1800 strain

INVENTOR: BIRYUKOV, V V; KRASNIKOVA, L V ; LITVINOVA, M N

PATENT-ASSIGNEE:

ASSIGNEE

CODE

PROTEINS BIOSYNTHESIS RES INST

PROI

PRIORITY-DATA:

1994RU-0025647

July 8, 1994

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO

PUB-DATE

LANGUAGE

PAGES

MAIN-IPC

RU 2059716 C1

May 10, 1996

N/A

003

C12N001/20

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO

APPL-DESCRIPTOR

APPL-NO

APPL-NO

RU 2059716C1

July 8, 1994

1994RU-0025647

N/A

INT-CL (IPC): C12N 1/20; C12P 1/04; C12N 1/20; C12R 1/46

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: RU 2059716C

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

A strain of *Streptococcus lactis* 58 VKPM V-6795, a producer of the bacteriocin nisin, is new.

In an example, strain *Str. lactis* 58 was introduced from an ampoule into a test tube with sterile defatted milk and the contents were incubated at 30 deg. C for 24 hrs. Using the inoculate obtd., the mixt. was fermented using a nutrient medium of % compsn.: 4 dry milk whey, 5 hydrolysed milk, 1 molasses, distilled water to 1 l, culturing temp. 30 deg. C, pH 6.8, with regulation of the pH by continuous feeding of 20% alkali. 5% Inoculant was added to the prepd. medium and fermentation was carried out over 9 hrs. Continuous culturing was achieved at a dilution rate of $D = 0.45 \text{ hr.}^{-1}$, and nisin biosynthesis was stabilised at the level $A = 5600 \text{ ME/cm}^3$. The productivity of the continuous process was $P = A \times D = 2520 \text{ ME/cm}^3 \cdot \text{hr.}$, as against $1800 \text{ ME/cm}^3 \cdot \text{hr.}$ with the previous *Str. lactis* strain 1800.

USE - The strain is useful in the food, dairy, medical and microbiological industries.

ADVANTAGE - The new strain gives a high rate of nisin prodn. in controlled continuous culturing, i.e. $2100\text{-}2520 \text{ ME/cm}^3$ per hr.

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.0/0